GUATEMALA IS INTRENCHING

HER TROOPS AND MEXICO'S FACE TO FACE ON THE BORDER.

Signs of Possible Trouble Near Ocos-Stories of Abuse of Prisoners Reach Mexican Capital - Ambassador at Washington Thinks War is Improbable.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 30 .- In its last edition last evening El Digrio de la Tarde prints a special message from the border town of Tuxtila Guiterez which says that Guatemalan troops are throwing up intrenchments and mounting artillery opposite the town of Ocos. This information cannot at this time be officially confirmed, the Government knowing nothing of the incident. The special message follows:

"TUXTILA GUITEREZ-We have just received in this city a message from Tapachula which says:

"The Guatemalan forces are actively throwing up intrenchments and constructing fortifications on the line opposite Ocos. Pieces of artillery are being brought from the centre of the Republic of Guatemala and mounted. The Twenty-fifth infantry has arrived here and Mexican troops are daily arriving and being placed along the border.'

MOBILE, May 30 .- Charles T. Allen of Mexico City, a stockholder in El Financiero Mexicano, the official financial paper of Mexico, and the Pachuca Mining Company, arrived here to-day. He said:

"The American papers have printed reports that President Diaz wanted war in Guatemala. On the contrary, he is and always has been an advocate for peace. Reports received in Mexico from Guatemala show that the most barbarous methods are employed and that one is not immune from arrest if he is on the street after dark. "Prisoners from whom information is desired are tortured to the extent that they are taken away from their families and

practically no food." WASHINGTON, May 30 .- The following statement was made to-day by Senor Creel, the Mexican Ambassador:

"I notice that the press and the public are expecting to receive at any moment the sensational news of a war between Mexico and Guatemala, under the wrong impression that some demands from Mexico are ctill pending action on the part of Guatemala. It is important to clear the situation so that the public may know that there is nothing pending and no reason for any fear of war between the two coun-

"The assassination of ex-President Barillas by Guatemalans developed in Mexico a feeling of indignation and strong protest by public opinion against such a criminal action, more so when it was known that Gen. Lima, from Guatemala, was supposed to be implicated. Mexico asked for the extradition of Gen. Lima. not as compulsory under the treaty, but offering Guatemala the privilege that might have been accepted, as there is no prohibition in the treaty for such action. Guatemala declined and this was the end of the conflict.

"There remains in Mexico a feeling of grievance and condemnation in the public entiment, but not a spirit of war. The proops that have been located on the frontier of Mexico and Guatemala are there for the purpose of keeping order and to give protection to the people of all nationalities.'

FINED FOR FAT "MAKEUP." Fad Experience of a Danish Actor Who Played in Finland.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. COPENHAGEN, May 30 .- It behooves theatrical companies performing in Russian dominions to bestow anxious care upon their makeup. A Danish company which has just returned from Finland, they played "The Merry Widow," found this out to their cost

After the first performance, Bewer, who

acted the part of an Ambassador, was summoned by Governor-General Gerard, who addressed him in Bussian. Bewer, who had seen the Governor-General in the audience. thought he was complimenting him and he received the remarks bowing and smiling The smiles, however, suddenly came off when an interpreter, translating the utterances into Danish, revealed that the Governor-General had fined Bewer \$1,250 because his makeup too nearly resembled the Governor himself, who, like Bewer, is very

fat. The levying of the fine was accompamed by a peremptory direction to Bewer to alter his makeup before appearing in the character again.

HOTELS STILL BOTHERED.

But They Are Standing Pat in Refusing the Pemands of the Striking Porters.

Some of the big hotels were hampered a little yesterday by the strike of the porters, as it was hard to get men on a holiday. However, there was less work to do than usual and the guests took the situation good humoredly.

One peculiar feature of the strike is that though the demands were made formally by President Walsh of the Hotel Porters' Protective Union on Frederick A. Reed, proprietor of the Park Avenue Hotel, as secretary of the Hotel Association of New York city, and were refused by Mr. Reed, the porters at the Park Avenue are not on strike. They are all members of the union, too, up to the head porter.

up to the head porter. Reed said that most of the hotels in Reed said that most of the notes re in the association and would stand in refusing the demands. The mend they gave all their tips to the head ter but no one believed he got a third of tips. He believed that the porters, in this tips than her but no constant. ting the tips they kept, averaged \$4 y, which was better than the average

FRENCH WARSHIPS COMING. Will Reach Hampton Roads June 4 -Officers

to Be Entertained in Washington. Washington, May 30 -The French warships which are coming over for the Jamesa Exposition will arrive in Hampton Roads on June 4, and the officers will come Roads on June 4, and the output. The Presi-te Washington the next day. The Presi-dent will entertain them at luncheon on 5 and the French Ambassador will them at dinner on the evening of that The Secretary of the Navy will have

er in their honor on June 6 on board

the Mayflower at Annapolis, where the Secretary and the officers will go to attend the commencement exercises at the Naval Arrived: Ss. Regina d'Italia. Gibraitar. May Ss. Main, Dover, May 20 "He purity has made it famous "-Ade the highball famous .- Ada

BRY AN NOT NAMING CANDIDATES.

He Protests Against Reports That He is by Those Who Prefer Some One Else. LINCOLN, Neb., May 30.—Referring to the various stories that he is for this or that

in to-morrow's Commoner: "Mr. Bryan does not pose as a Warwick, He has no desire to assume the rôle of candidate maker. He mildly protests against the misrepresentations of his position by those who prefer some one else. but he is not eager to have a hand in the making of a candidate. The question of

Democrat for President, Mr. Bryan will say

candidacy cannot be settled by a few leaders. The people will sit in judgment. And yet from the manner of some one would suppose that the only thing necessary to the selection of a candidate was agreement among the leaders. "No one is available who does not stand

for Democratic principles and policies as they are presented in the Democratic platform, and that platform must represent the wishes of the voters. Second among those who represent the principles and policies of the party as stated in the platform, the choice chould fall upon the one who, all things considered, gives the best promise of strengthening those principles and policies before the public."

Mr. Bryan sets at rest all stories about his Roosevelt leanings. He says:

"The third term issue would of itself rule the President out, and while he has indorsed several Democratic measures he has not carried these as far as the Democrats would have carried them and has indorsed only a portion of the Democratic platform.

LAW'S DELAY LESSENED. Answers Filed in May Cases May Be Tried

Early in June. Justice Dowling, presiding at Special Term, Part III., of the Supreme Court, will this morning call the cases noticed for trial for the first Monday of June. This is the first time in the history of the courts that this has been possible. Causes of action in which the defendants answered before the 20th of May may, if counsel are prepared, be brought on for trial for the first Monday of June. All the causes on the Special Term calendar since the opening of the court in October, 1908, have kept in dark, damp cells, with little or been called and could, if counsel so elected, be tried before the close of the courts on the last Friday of June. During Justice Dowling's term in the present month a card catalogue of the Special Term causes has been prepared and it will be in working order on the first Monday of June. This system will disclose at a glance the date of the issue, the number of times the cause appeared on the different calendars, when it has been tried, and in fact the entire history of the cause from the date of its addition to the calendar. In point of economy this method of keeping the calendar will save some thousands of dollars to the taxpayers as well as make it competent for the inquiring layman to determine the status of any litigation.

WATCHED HIS ARM CUT OFF. Extraordinary Grit of a Fourteen-Year-Old Austrian Boy

Special Cable Despetch to THE SUN VIENNA, May 30.—A fourteen-year-old boy of the name of Tucek has astonished the prominent surgeon Baron von Eisleberg by the remarkable grit he displayed in undergoing an operation. Tucek's arm had to be amputated. He refused to take an anæsthetic because he wanted to watch the operation.

He resisted all the persi surgeon, who ultimately yielded. The boy did not wince and made no sound through out, but watched the surgeon's work with keen attention. He said afterward the sight was so interesting it was well worth

Dr. von Eisleberg recognized his pluck by giving him a watch.

PITY FOR DOG CAUSES WRECK. Motorman Stepped Off Car When He Ran Over Beast and Collision Followed -Three Dead.

ELYRIA, Ohio, May 30. - Motorman Fraundie's solicitude for a dog run down by his car on the Cleveland and Southwestern interurban trolley line caused a collision in the heart of the city at 6 o'clock to-night in which three persons were killed and nearly Most of the injured suffered injuries to

Most of the injured suffered injuries to their legs in the crash.

A car loaded with passengers in charge of Fraundie was passing through Elyria at good speed. When it struck a stray dog Fraundie stepped out of the vestibule to see if the animal had been killed, letting the car speed on at full speed.

An empty car shot out of the traction barns and collided squarely with the crowded car. The cars were telescoped and it was some time before they could be torn apart and the work of rescuing the dead

torn apart and the work of rescuing the dead and injured begun. All the ambulances in the city were summoned and a carload of nurses was brought here from Cleveland.

The dead are: E. O'Donnell, merchant; M. H. Billings, an old soldier, and W. C. claim agent for the Lake Shore

It is believed several of the injured will Motorman Fraundie escaped injury and disappeared after the wreck.

HAD COLLATERAL FOR \$250,000. Arrested in Montreal and Brought to Chi-

cage for Cashing a Forged Draft. CHICAGO, May 30 .- Declaring himself to be a business associate of former President Grover Cleveland and head of the National Producer Gas and Power Company of 1123 Broadway, New York, J. R. Wilmot was brought to this city te-day by detectives to face the charge of having forged a draft for \$5.500.

Wilmot was arrested in Montreal, Canada. When taken by the police he had \$5,300 in his possession, besides collateral for \$2,500. The police say he was on his way to Havre,

France.

Wilmot came to Chicago several weeks ago. He visited the offices of Shank & Co., note brokers, at 153 La Salle street, to interest them in some of his New York projects. He won their confidence. Later he requested them to cash a draft for \$5,500, and the money was paid by the La Salle street firm in exchange for the draft. Later, it is declared, the draft turned out to be forged. When the police were called into the case Wilmot had disappeared from Chicago, but detectives traced him to Chicago, but detectives traced him to Montreal. There he was arrested just as he was about to board a train for Quebec. must have been out of my head when I asked those people to cash that draft. Why, I have collateral here for forty times that amount: I must have been temporarily deranged," was the excuse given by Wilmot deranged," was the excuse given by Wilmo when questioned about the alleged forgery. Collateral for a quarter of a million dollars was found in Wilmot's satchel.

Latest Marine Intelligence.

CHILD MISSING AFTER FIRE

LONG BRANCH COTTAGES BURN; SEVERAL PERSONS HURT.

Walter Schiffer's Family and Servants in Jacob Rothschild's House, Burned - Daughter of Governess Believed to Have Perished - Loss About \$100,000.

The handsome Long Branch summer home of Jacob Rothschild of New York, which was one of the show places of the north Jersey coast, was burned to the ground late last night. The family of Walter Schiffer, a cigar manufacturer of New York, who were occupying the house, were

all more or less badly burned. Mr. Schiffer's governess and three other servants were so badly injured that they were hurried to the Monmouth County General Hospital, where they are in critical condition. The eight-year-old daughter of the governess is missing, and is believed to have been burned to death.

Mr. Scniffer and his daughter Marion were seriously burned about the face and hands, and were removed to the nearby cottage of J. E. Heimendinger, where they were treated by surgeons. Mrs. Schiffer also was burned while rescuing her two

children from their cribs. The fire, which started in the kitchen. spread through the house with astonishing rapidity. When Mr. Schiffer was awakened by the crackling of the flames he dashed through the rooms to arouse the household. He managed to get every one awakened, but the servants and the governess were burned trying to find the governess's little

daughter. When the flames were at their height they spread to the two handsome cottages adjoining, one owned by the Simon Sternburger estate and the other by Jacob Cohn. In the Sternburger cottage L. Wolf had just taken possession with his family. The family got out safely, but the cottage was badly burned. The Cohn

cottage also was considerably damaged. The fire created the greatest excitement along the coast within a radius of many miles. Before the firemen had finished working at the Rothschild cottage automobiles containing cottagers from nearby resorts hurried up and the occupants jumped out ready to give what aid was possible. The entire Long Branch department, seven companies, fought with the blaze, and by great difficulty kept it from spreading further than to the two nearest cottages.

The Rothschild cottage was an attractive building on Ocean avenue in the West End section of Long Branch. It was three stories high and its many gabled roof made it one of the striking houses along the shore. The damage to the Rothschild cottage alone is estimated at \$50,000. The damage to the other cottages was about as much.
Walter A. Schiffer is secretary of the United Cigar Manufacturers Company at 1018 Second avenue: His town house i

SOCIALISTS LAUD MOYER.

22 West Seventy-sixth street.

Will Send Copy of Their Message to "the Un desirable Person at Washington." TRENTON, N. J., May 30.-Frederick

Kraft of Jersey City was nominated here to-night as the Socialist candidate for Governor next fall He is editor of the Worker, a Socialist paper published in New York.

The convention sent a telegram to Mover and Haywood at Boise City assuring them that in future history they would be rated with Lincoln, John Brown and Karl Marx as emancipators Later a resolution was adopted that a copy of the telegram be sent to "The Undesirable Person at Washington." The man who introduced it assured the convention that the telegram would be delivered to the person for whom it was intended.

Another resolution criticised the Socialists of New York upon the ground that they are controlled by bosses, lack the membership they should have and are not sufficiently active in spreading the doctrines

RACETRACK . TRAIN DERAILED. Projecting Car Step Causes a Smashup at Beimont Park.

What might have been a serious accident occurred at the Belmont Park railroad terminal upon the arrival of the 12:20 electric train from Flatbush avenue yesterday. Just before the train reached the platform guard opened one of the gates and pushed out a steel step which covers the gap between the cars and the runway The train was under a good headway, so that the step colliding with the platform ripped off half the side of the wooden car, broke all the windows and threw the passengers, including many women, into a panic. The car also jumped the track and caused a blockade. Two Pinkerton detectives were blockade. Two Pinkerton detectives were caught in the wreckage and were so badly injured that they were sent to the hospital at Mineola, where they were not in danger last night. R. S. Hobbs, Mrs. A. Ruhle and J. Rausch were cut with flying glass and also severely shaken up. The train hands were almost mobbed before they opened the gates and allowed the frightened passenger to clamber out on the tracks, where

the gates and shower the tracks, where sengers to clamber out on the tracks, where they were in danger of stepping on the third rail. The accident caused much confusion

when other trains pulled up near the station BORE PLEA FOR OWN DISMISSAL, Kansas County Attorney Delivers Petition

From His Constituents. TOPEKA, Kan., May 30 .- The novel spectacle was presented in the Attorney-Gen eral's office yesterday of a County Attorney coming to that office bearing a retition signed by several thousand citizens of his county asking for his own dismissal from the office of County Attorney for failure to enforce the prohibitory liquor law.

The County Attorney who appeared in this remarkable capacity was D. H. Wolley of Crawford county. Mr. Wolley knew that the retition was being circulated, and he also knew that he was coming to Topeka to make his defence, so he offered to bring the fetition with him and the offer was

accepted.

The retition charged that Wolley had failed and neglected to enforce the prohibition law, but Mr. Wolley won't be ousted, for he succeeded in squaring himself with Attorney-General Jackson. He assured Mr. Jackson that he was ready and willing to use every energy to enforce the law, and evidently put up such a strong talk that he convinced the Attorney-General that he meant business

BALLOONISTS MAY BE DROWNED. THOUSANDS GREET ROOSEVELT

Officers Who Gave Exhibition for Fushim and King Edward Missing.

Special Cable Despatch to Tun Sun. LONDON, May 30.-When King Edward visited the military balloon factory at Aldershot with Prince Fushimi last Tuesday a balloon, occupied by Lieuts. Caulfield and Leake of the Royal Engineers, was sent on a trip. Nothing was heard of the balloon until it was picked up at sea in the English Channel near Exmouth, 100 miles southwest of Aldershot, by a fishing smack.

The fate of the officers is a mystery. Of the many theories held the most favored are that they were picked up by a passing vessel or that they hastily landed on some remote part of the coast, as the balloon was moving seaward.

The fact that a grapnel was found hanging from the balloon is regarded as supporting the theory that they landed in some out of the way place. On the other hand, it is possible that they were drowned. Lieut. Caulfield was a well known and

JERSEY BULL SOLD FOR \$11,500. Highest Price Ever Paid for a Horned Ani-

experienced aeronaut.

mal-Some Other Fancy Figures. ALLENTOWN, Pa., May 30 .- The world's ecord price, \$11,500, was paid to-day by A. B. Lewis, of Fredericksburg, Va., for Stockwell, the king of the herd, at the sale of Jersey cattle at the Linden Grove Farm to-day by T. S. Copper. It was announced the bull would head the herd or Thomas F. Ryan's Virginia estate.

Other bidders for the bull were buyers for William Rockefeller and Alfred G. Vanderbilt.

Stockwell was born in 1903. He was bred by Philip J. Ahier, of St. Martin, Island of Jersey. He was sired by Oxford Lad, out of Flying Fox, and besides being of solid color, with perfect black tongue and switch, has a most aristocratic carriage. He commanded the highest price ever bid for a horned animal at any auction in the world. At the same sale five young cows sired by Stockwell brought prices ranging from

\$2,200 to \$8,000. The bull calf Sensational Fern, sever months old, bred here by Mr. Copper, brought \$10,200. Ninety-seven head, including calves, brought \$93,950. The average was the highest ever derived at any cattle sale in America.

CONRIED TAKES A WALK. Opera Director Improving Under Treatment

by Dr. Fraenkel. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
BERLIN, May 30.—Heinrich Conried, who for the last two months has been lying on his back at the Kaiserhof Hotel hardly able to move his limbs owing to a form of locomotor ataxia, walked nearly twothirds of a mile yesterday unaided as the result of the novel treatment given him

by Dr. Fraenkel The treatment consists in making the patient walk the floor, placing his feet, according to chalked diagrams, in certain positions. The treatment was begun five months ago by massage, when Conried paid Dr. Fraenkel \$30,000 to come to New

York. That the treatment is bona fide is assured by the fact that half a dozen patients formerly unable to walk are now able to get about Berlin. One is completely cured. Dr. Fraenkel has a German degree. He spends six months here and holds a six months clinic at Lake Constance every

At first he was much disparaged by his medical colleagues, but now this feeling is said to have changed. Dr. Fraenkel's usual charge is \$50 an hour, millionaires

in proportion. SUPPLY BILL AGREED UPON. The Total Appropriations Amount to Nearly

ALBANY, May 30 .- The annual supply bill has been agreed upon by the conference committees of the Senate and the Assembly. It contains the item of \$15,000 to reimburse State Superintendent of In surance Kelsey for defending himself against removal, as requested by Gov. Hughes The committees feel that Mr. Kelsey should be allowed counsel fees the same as any other State officer who has had to face charges, and it will be up to Gov. Hughes to say whether the item

shall be allowed. The total appropriations for this year will come to nearly \$35,000,000, which is greatly in excess of former years. The expectations are that the Governor will

veto a number of items. KUROKI HONORS LINCOLN. Japanese General Places Wreath on Statue

in Chicago. CHICAGO, May 30.-Gen. Baron Kuroki. with his staff, visited Lincoln Park to-day and placed a large wreath of white roses or

the monument of Abraham Lincoln. At the base of the monument brief speeches were made. Gen. Kuroki, aided by his officers, raised the wreath, four feet in dismostra, and placed it on the feet of the statue

CARGO OF COTTON ON FIRE Booth Line Steamer Boniface Puts In at Bermuda Port -Passengers in Panic.

Special Cable Despatch to TRE SUN HAMILTON, Bermuda, May 30.—The Booth Line steamer Boniface, from Galveston for Liverpool, with 9.500 bales of cotton and 850 tons of corn, arrived here to-day with part of her cargo burning.

The fire broke out under No. 2 hatch last Monday. The heat was terrific and the passengers were panicstricken. The captain decided to make this port

for assistance. Part of the cargo will be taken out.

BARR TO HEAD JAMESTOWN SHOW Former Seaboard Air Line President to Direct the Exposition

NORFOLK, Va., May 30.—James H. Barr, former president of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, announced to-day that he would accept the place urged on him by the Jamestown Exposition Company. While his official title is not yet known, he will in reality be director-general of the show. This is a sure indication that the \$405,000 worth of sition bonds have been sold.

xposition bonds have been sold.

This was Patrick Henry day at the exposition. William J. Bryan was the guest of honor. The subject of his address was Taxation Without Representation Is THE TRAIN OF THE CENTURY is the Twentieth Century Limited, the 18-hour train between New York and Chicago by the NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES, "America's Greatest Railway System." Leave New York 230 P. M., arrive Chicago 820 next morating—a night's ride.

GOOD PART OF INDIANA HEARS MEMORIAL DAY ADDRESS.

Takes Fried Chicken Luncheou With Vice President Fairbanks and a Mixer Party of Forty That Included Tom Taggart -Will Speak in Lansing. Mich., Te-day. INDIANAPOLIS, May 30 .- The President

have been having a most sociable time together for the last two days. Their comradeship continued through the pelebration of Memorial Day here, when they were the most conspicuous figures in

and the Vice-President of the United States

the public exercises President Roosevelt was the guest of Vice-President Fairbanks at luncheon at the Fairbanks home and forty citizens of Indiana were invited to break bread with

A prominent Hoosier remarked to-day: How did the impression get abroad that Mr. Fairbanks is cold? It is a false impression. He is one of the most affable and warm hearted men in the world."

The Vice-President on this occasion, at least, justified the statement of his partisan for he was a most genial host at an Indiana fried chicken luncheon.

Two weeks ago Mr. Fairbanks gave an order to a local marketman, specifying that a certain generous number of chickens should be specially fattened in anticipation of the President's visit. The fowls were fed on a choice and liberal diet, and they were in prime condition to-day.

The luncheon took place at 12:15, a little more than an hour after President Roosevelt arrived in Indianapolis.

The President's private car early this morning was attached to a regular express train on the Big Four at Galion, Ohio, where it had stood on a sidetrack during the night. At the last moment Mr. Roosevelt consented to stop long enough at Bellefontaine to make an early morning speech. The train arrived there a few minutes after 7 o'clock, before the President and his party had had breakfast. There was a crowd at the station. The President stepped out on the rear platform of his car and made a brief, informal address.

While President Roosevelt was speaking the train backed slightly and the President shouted to those near "Look out!" No damage resulted and order was soon re-

Vice-President Fairbanks, who was also on the platform, remarked upon the fright of the President, saying: "No wonder he was scared. He is not

used to backing up. Stops were made at Union City and Muncie. At the former place Mr. Roosevelt talked briefly. At Muncie he did not speak, but he shock hands with about fifty men and women in the few minutes the train waited. He first warned the crowd that they must pass slowly by the platform of his car and not expose the women and children to danger. "Did you ever see cattle on the plains?" he asked. "Sometimes they 'kill.' That is the way you would look if you should crowd around this car. Every man who is decent American will look out for the

women." Then he began the handshaking. The President reached Indianapolis a 10:55. The weather, which yesterday threatened to mar the Memorial Day prome was perfect. The sun wa ing brightly and the temperature was

neither too warm nor too cool. An enormous throng filled the streets and the hotels are crowded with visitors from all over the State.

The crowd that gathered around the Lawton monument this afternoon must have

numbered 40,000. The President was met at the Meridian street Ration by a reception committee of citizens, headed by Representative Jesse Overstreet. Mr. Roosevelt received them in his car and shook hands all around before appearing on the platform, where he was cheered by the crowd. The President entered a carriage and, accompanied by the Vice-President, was driven to the Fairhanks home. The other members of the President's party and the reception com-

mittee followed in carriages. The drive followed a prearranged route so that as many people as possible might see the President and it was 11:30 when the Vice-President's home was reached. For three-quarters of an hour the President received in one of the front rooms many persons for whom special arrangements had been made, the visitors including the foremost citizens of Indianapolis and a

delegation of the clergymen of the city. At the luncheon the guests were representative of all shades of political opinion in Indiana. They included not only Harry S. New, setting chairman of the Republican national committee, but Thomas Taggart, chairman of the Democratic national committee, and other well known Democrats. It was Mr. Taggart will was so scathingly lenounced by President Roosevelt in a public statement on the eve of the election in 1864. When Mr. Taggart was presente to Mr. Roosevelt with the other guests by Mr. Fairbanks the President shook hands most heartily, exclaiming: "And how are you. I am glad to see you, honorable Tom.'

The guests besides the President were James Whitcomb Riley, Senator Albert J. Beveridge, Gov. J. Frank Hanly, Congressman Jesse Overstreet, Judge A. B. Anderson, W. H. H. Miller, Charles A. Bookwalter, William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the President; Addison C. Harris, Harry S. New, John B. Elam, Thomas Taggart, Admiral George Brown, John W. Kern, Dr. P. M. Rixey, Surgeon-General, U.S. N.; Meredith Nicholson, William A. Ketcham, Com-mander G. A. R.; Ross Hawkins, William F. English, A. A. McCormick, W. Emlen Roosevelt, the Rev. D. R. Lucas, Senator James A. Hemenway, William H. strong, Frank D. Stalnaker, Fred L. Mayer, Franklin Vonnegut, Charles Remster, Joseph B. Kealing, Louis H. Levey, J. J. Twiname, M. C. Latta, assistant secretary to the President; Joseph A. Minturn, Col.

John R. Fesler and Moses G. McLain. The principal public event of the day was the unveiling of a monument to Major-Gen. Henry W. Lawton, one of Indiana's heroes, who was killed on the firing line in the Philippipes in 1899.

The monument is in Court House Square and at 2 o'clock President Roosevelt, still accompanied by the Vice-President, was driven there in a carriage, escorted by regular troops from Fort Sheridan and by the militia of Indiana. at auction to-day for \$495. Gov. Hanly presided at the unveiling

Continued on Third Page.

MAY BE BIG COAL STRIKE.

10,000 Men in Pittsburg District Send

Operators an Ultimatum. PITTSBURG, May 80 .- A strike of 40,000 miners in the Pittsburg district may begin on Saturday unless the operators and United Mine Workers reach a compromise to-

The operators have been told that unless he new automatio shaker dumps, lately introduced, are taken out not a pound of oal will be mined after Friday night. In reply the operators have sent word that if the mines are forced to close they will never be reopened with the union

workmen. Both sides seem ready for a strike. The workmen say the machines will reiuce their wages about 17 cents a ton. The shaker dump is a contrivance for separating different grades of coal.

MISS GOULD'S GIFT TO FIREMEN. Presents to Engine Co. S a Finely Bred

A fine Dalmatian puppy was received by Engine Company 8 last night as a prosent from Miss Helen Gould, according to the messenger who left the dog. Capt. Joe Donovan and Fireman Hackney were standing in the doorway of the engine house in East Fifty-first street late yesterday after noon when a young woman, who might

and said: "Miss Gould sent me here with this dog as a present to the engine company. She requests that you give him the best of care and wishes that he may bring you all good

have been a maid, walked up to the captain

luck." The dog is a three months old Dalmatian puppy of the finest breed. Engine Company 8 lost their dog. Pinky, a few months ago, when he was run over on the way to a fire, and the new dog was at once named Pinky and made welcome.

RECORD BREAKING RAINFALL. Texas Tornado Followed by 16 Inches of

Precipitation in Four Hours. BEAUMONT, Tex., May 30 .- A tornado struck Beaumont this morning, doing great damage. No lives were lost. The storm was accompanied by a record breaking rain, sixteen inches of rain falling in four hours.

This is the second tornado on the Texas

oast this week. Tuesday night a twister

passed between Galveston and Houston, doing much damage. \$8,000 A YEAR TO RAISE BOY ON

Ruled to Be Enough in His Minority, When

His Estate Yields \$13,000.

The application of Mrs. Mamie Chisholm Whaley for an increase of the allowance she receives for the care and education of her nineteen-year-old son, Francis M. Whaley, was denied yesterday by Justice Truax in the Supreme Court. Young Whaley has \$5,000 a year out of the income from a trust fund created for his benefit, but his mother would like the allowance increased to \$12,500 and would also like to have \$5,000 out of the accumulated income to spend on the boy's vacation this summer.

Young Whaley completed his nineteenth ear on April 29 and is at college. He has had his \$8,000 a year for the last twelve years, or \$96,000 altogether. The total income from the trust fund is about \$13.000 a year, and Justice Truax remarked, in denying the application, that he did not hink the boy should have the full income

MANY HURT BY PLATFORM FALL. Crowd Dropped Into Basement & Church

Cornerstone Laying. WILKESBARRE, May 30. - Nineteen people ncluding eight priests, were injured by the collapse of a temporary floor at the cornerstone laying at the new Greek Catholic church in this city this morning. The emporary platform had been erected over the basement. This gave way and went

down with a crash. All the injured will recover Among the injured is Bishop M. J. Hoban of Scranton, whose body and legs are badly bruised and his head cut.

KEPT MEMORIAL DAY BY LAW. iew Kansas Statute Prohibits All Amuse-

ments on Old Soldiers' Day TOPEKA, Kan., May 30 .- Kansas people never before observed Memorial Day as strictly as to-day. They could not help it, for a new State law prohibits all amusements on this day This law was brought about because a circus persisted in giving two performances and its parade in Topeka

last year on Memorial Day. This year there are no circuses, carnivals, amusement parks, racing matinées or baseball games. In fact, practically every form of amusement has been tabooed This is one of the four legal holidays in Kansas, so practically every business house is closed.

TO PREVENT SMUGGLING. Reservation 60 Feet Wide Along Northern

Mexican Border Set Aside. Washington, May 30 .- By proclamation of President Roosevelt a reservation sixty feet wide along the entire northern border of Mexico has been set aside with the object of preventing smuggling. United States officers will have supreme authority within the reservation, which includes portions of the State of California and the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona. The operation of the proclamation, it is set forth, will not extend to private entries within the reservation or to such portions as are needed for roads. Smuggling has increased since the abolition of the free sone between the United States and Mexico

Rear Admiral Coghlan to Retire Te-merrow Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan retires rom the service and the command of the Brooklyn navy yard to-morrow. He will be succeeded by Rear Admiral Caspar F Goodrich. Admiral Coghlan's time of service expired several months ago, but owing to important work in hand he was requested to remain at the yard for a time longer. He will live in New York for the

Rare Book on Pennsylvania Sold. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUK.

LONDON, May 30 .- The copy of Gabriel Thomas's "History of Pensilvania and of West New Jersey," published in 1698, which was found among a lot of waste paper bought by a second hand book dealer in Westminster, was sold by the Hodgsons

MASSALITE. Effective and fragrant MOTH-PAPPR: used by U. S. Government. At Wans-maker's -- adds.

AGGRESSIVE SPEECH BY ROOSEVELT

Strongly Urges Federal Control Over Rallroads.

NO HALT IN POLICY

Government Supervision Over Accounts and Capitalization.

FAVORS PHYSICAL VALUATION

Save Late Legislation Has Been a Step in the Right Direction-There Can Be No Swerving From the Course He May Taken-There Must Be More ?rogressive Legislation -Railros/ Capital Must Not Be Used in Speculation - Evildoers Must Be Brought to Justice-Complete Publicity of Railroad Affair: -Railroad Wreckers Warned-Then a Pies for the Building of New Rattroad; and Relief From Congested Traffic.

In his Decoration Day speech in Indianpolis yesterday President Roosevelt not only reiterated his well known policy and intention toward railway corporations but went yet further in drastic suggestions. Some of the things that he said were:

"In so far as the common carriers also transport the mails it is, in my opinion, probable that whether their business is or is not interstate it is to the same extent subject to Federal control under that clause of the Constitution granting to the national Government power to establish post roads and therefore, by necessary implication, power to take all action necessary in order to keep them at the

nighest point of efficiency. "The rights of property are in less jeopardy from the Socialist and the anarchist than from the predatory man of wealth."

"The power of the nation must be exerted

to stop crimes of canning no less than crimes of violence. There can be no hait in the course we have deliberately elected to pur "Every Federal law dealing with corporations or with railroads that has been put upon

the statute books during the last six year-

has been a step in advance in the right direc-tion. All action taken by the Administration under these and the preexisting laws has been just and proper. "There can be no swerving from the course

that has thus been mapped out in the legisla-tion actually enacted and in the messages in which I have asked for further legislation. "There will be no halt in the forward movement toward a full development of this pol-

"There must be progressive legislative an dministrative action for the correction the evils which every sincere man must admit to have existed in railroad management in the past. "There must be vested in the Federal Gov-

ernment a full power of supervision and con-

trol over the railways doing interstate busi-

ness; a power in many respects analogous

to and as complete as that the Government exercises over the national banks. "It [the Government] must possess the power to exercise supervision over the future issuance of stocks and bonds, either through a national incorporation (which I should prefer) or in some similar fashion, such supervision to include the frank publicity of every thing which would-be investors and the publ at large have a right to know. The Federal

overcapitalization in the future. "It should be declared contrary to public policy henceforth to allow railroads to devote their capital to anything but the transporta-

tion business, certainly not in the hazards of speculation." "The movement to regulate railroads by law has come to stay. The people of this country have made up their minds-and wisely made up their minds-to exercise a closer control over all kinds of public service

corporations, including railways." "We ask the consent of no man in carrying

"Wherever evildoers can be they shall be brought to justice; and no criminal, high or whom we can reach will receive inmunity." "Ample provision should be made by Congress to enable the Interstate Commerce Comnission, by the employment of a sufficient

force of experts, to undertake the physical valuation of each and any railroad in the country * * * It will be of use to the determining the reasonableness of future capitalization.

"The public interest requires guaranty against improper multiplication of securi-ties in the future."

"One of the most important features of the Hepburn act is its having given the com mission absolute control over the accounts of railways. The commission has just issued an order to the effect that on July 1 next ali the railways of the country subject to the jurisdiction of the commission must standardize their accounting methods, and the commission is now organizing a bureau of special examiners, whose duty it will be among other things, to see that the books of the carriers are kept in conformity with the rules laid down by the commission.

"We hope as one of the chief means for betterment of conditions to secure as com-plete publicity in the affairs of railroads as now obtains with regard to national banks." "Most certainly there will be no relaxation

by the Government authorities in the effort to get at any great railroad wrecker-any man who by clever swindling devices robs investors, oppresses wage workers and does injustice to the general public." "I ask for full power to be given the Federal

Government, because no single State can by legislation effectually cope with these owerful corporations engaged in interestate commerce.

There will not be the slighte ; ictup to